



QUÈ DIUEN LES UNIVERSITATS ALS ESTUDIANTS INTERNACIONALS SOBRE LA SITUACIÓ LINGÜÍSTICA?

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<http://.....>

Aquest document consisteix en una petita anàlisi de l’apartat de la web que cada universitat dedica a presentar la situació lingüística a l’estudiantat internacional. En aquest primer estadi de l’anàlisi, es classifiquen diferents fragments dels apartats en el següents temes:

1. [Marc legal](#)
2. [Història de la llengua catalana](#)
3. [La situació sociolingüística a Catalunya](#)
4. [La situació sociolingüística a la Universitat](#)
5. [El procés d’aprenentatge del català](#)
6. [Recursos per a l’aprenentatge del català i la integració de l’estudiantat estranger](#)
7. [Les Universitats ofereixen la possibilitat de mirar a la descripció de cada curs i així la llengua en que s’impartirà?](#)
8. [Què diuen les Universitats sobre la presència del català a Europa?](#)
9. [Altres llengües a la Universitat](#)



1. Marc legal

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The official languages in Catalonia are Catalan and Spanish.
UAB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ...and the whole of Catalonia's own language is Catalan.
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• As you know, the UB, like Catalonia as a whole, has two official languages: Catalan and Spanish.• Catalan is the institutional language of the University of Barcelona, and is therefore used in all the University's institutional and administrative affairs.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There are two official languages in Catalonia: Catalan and Spanish.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The law says that Catalan shares official status with Spanish.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is the language of Catalonia...along with Spanish.• UPF's statutes recognise Catalan as the University's language and as its normal vehicle for communication. In Catalonia it is an official language, along with Spanish.
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan and Spanish are Catalonia's official languages.• The Universitat de Girona falls under the jurisdiction of the Generalitat de Catalunya, the official language of which is Catalan together with Spanish.



2. Història de la llengua catalana

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is one of the group of western neo-Latin languages, together with Spanish, Portuguese and French and should not present much difficulty to anyone who speaks either of those languages, or any other Romantic language for that matter.
UAB	-----
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan, like Spanish, is a Roman language. Given the close proximity between languages in this group, if you have learned one you are well equipped to take on another.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan, a Romance language derived from Latin and Castilian or Spanish. With knowledge of French or Italian and Spanish any visitor should find easy to understand the local language.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• It is derived from Latin, just like Spanish, French, Italian and Portuguese, so if you know any of these languages you might find it easier to understand.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• It is a Romance language derived from Latin and is more than 1,000 years old. The first written texts in Catalan date from the 12th century.• The language has survived difficult periods of history, especially the forty years of Franco's dictatorship, during which its use in public was banned.
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The proximity between the Romance languages means that, in a relatively short time, students who already know one language can understand classes taught in Catalan.• Catalan, like the other Romance languages, has its roots in what is called vulgar Latin, the popular and familiar level of classic Latin language. Whereas classic literary Latin –established between the 3rd and 2nd Centuries BC–, basically retained the same general structure for almost eight centuries, the spoken language evolved, leading to the fragmentation of Latin into different dialects. Catalan is the result of the evolution of the vulgar Latin spoken in Aient Catalonia.



3. La situació sociolingüística a Catalunya

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is the region's own language, versions of which are also spoken in Andorra, the Balearic Islands, Valencia, the eastern areas of Aragon, the Department of Pyrénées Orientales in France and the Sardinian city of Alghero.• Bear in mind also that the Catalan-speaking population is bilingual and understands and speaks Spanish.
UAB	-----
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• This means that people speak both languages and choose the one in which they wish to express themselves, so you are likely to hear both in and outside class.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalonia is situated in the Northeast of the Iberian Peninsula. The Pyrenees mark its northern border; the eastern is the Mediterranean Sea; the west borders with Aragon and the south with Valencia.• It is well admitted that Catalonia is of outstanding economic importance to the Spanish State.• Girona is one of the four provinces that, together with Barcelona, Tarragona and Lleida, make up the Autonomous Community of Catalonia.• The city of Girona is the capital of the province. It is placed in El Gironès, on the banks of the Ter and Onyar rivers.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• In Catalonia, the main languages used for communication are Catalan and Spanish. Catalan is the native language of Catalonia, a region with political autonomy of great importance in Spain due to its historical and cultural wealth. In recent years, Catalonia's linguistic heritage has been further enriched by languages brought by immigrants from many parts of the world, including Arabic, Berber, Chinese and Urdu, and the languages of more traditional European residents, such as French, English and German.• In Catalonia, the main languages used for communication are Catalan and Spanish.• Catalan is used in all spheres of society, to a greater or lesser extent: public administration, media, cultural life, social and economic activities, etc.• Catalan is spoken in Catalonia, much of Valencia, part of Aragon, the Balearic Islands and Andorra. Altogether, these regions cover 60,000 km² and are home to more than 11 million people. Of the 11 million people who live in the



	<p>Catalan-speaking regions, about 10 million use it at least passively, more than 7 million know how to speak it, and at least 5 million use it as their main language of communication.</p>
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nowadays, 93.8% of Catalonia's inhabitants understand the language and 68.3% and 67.6% can speak and write it, respectively.
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A total of 75.3% of the population speak Catalan and 95% understand it.• The fact that the Catalan used in teaching is scientific and technical makes understanding even easier.



4. La situació sociolingüística a la Universitat

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan, Spanish and English are the three official working languages at the University of Lleida. The language that is most commonly used at the University of Lleida is Catalan. Lectures may be taught in Catalan or Spanish, depending on the teacher who must not change the language once the course has already begun. The language of the instruction is specified in the description of each course. Anyway, despite the teaching language, the students have the right to express themselves during the lessons, carry out their practises, do their essays and/or do the exams in one of the three official languages as long as they let it know to the professor at the beginning of the first lessons.
UAB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The UAB and the whole of Catalonia's own language is Catalan. Many lectures are in Catalan, and nearly all lecturers and students can understand the language and speak it fluently. Catalan shares official status with Spanish (also known as Castillian), which means students may write assignments and exams in either language. Lectures may be given in either of the two languages (it is estimated that between 60% to 70% of lectures are in Catalan).
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• As you know, the UB, like Catalonia as a whole, has two official languages: Catalan and Spanish. In general terms, this means that people speak both languages and choose the one in which they wish to express themselves, so you are likely to hear both in and outside class.• At the UB, approximately 60 % of classes at bachelor's-degree level are taught in Catalan, 40 % are taught in Spanish, and less than 1 % are taught in other languages.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Universitat de Girona falls under the jurisdiction of the Generalitat de Catalunya, the official language of which is Catalan together with Spanish. The Llei de Normalització Lingüística (<i>Language Standardisation Law</i>) establishes that Catalan is the normal language of instruction at all levels of education and in the administration. Consequently most of the documentation generated in the University and most classes are taught in Catalan, but this need not be a concern for those interested in being part of the community of UdG students, since all kinds of Catalan courses are organised and, as a last resort, the whole population understand and can express themselves in Spanish.



UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The law says that Catalan shares official status with Spanish. This means that students and lecturers can use either of the two languages. The UPC has a specific Language Plan that governs multilingualism at the University and promotes the knowledge, use, quality and interaction of languages across the University. The Plan also promotes the use of Catalan as the language specific to the territory of Catalonia and the use of English as an international language.• In degree courses, around 60 percent of classes are taught in Catalan and 40 percent are taught in Spanish. These figures vary for the different UPC schools. In postgraduate, master's and doctoral degrees, Spanish is more prevalent and English is becoming more widespread: 23 master's degrees are taught in English at present (2011–2012 academic year). The lecture material (notes, handouts, overheads, slides, dossiers) is generally available in either Catalan or Spanish, and increasingly so in English.• As a result of the rise in international mobility at all levels, English is being increasingly used at the UPC, which means that many lecturers, students and administrative staff use it on a day-to-day basis. The e-Office is available in English and it allows students to register, submit applications and obtain official documents in English. English can also be seen on campus signposts and administrative documents. Furthermore, the UPC aims to enhance the knowledge of English and other languages by setting up courses and offering a wide range of learning resources.• Lecturers can choose to communicate in either of the two official languages (Catalan or Spanish), just as students can. Some lecturers may use other languages in class, particularly English.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UPF's statutes recognise Catalan as the University's language and as its normal vehicle for communication. While the percentage of teaching carried out through Catalan varies from area to area, in general around 70% of classes are in this language.



URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is the language of the URV; therefore, it is the language that is used for institutional and administrative purposes. For teaching, both Catalan and Spanish are used. Teachers have the right to choose the language they wish to use and their choice must be respected. The fact that the romance languages are similar means that a student who speaks one of them will soon be able to follow classes taught in Catalan. Also, since much of the Catalan used in the classroom is of a scientific or technical nature, it is even easier to understand. Those students attending classes taught in Catalan are not required to actively use it. When speaking in class, taking notes, writing essays or taking exams they can use Spanish whenever they wish.”
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5. El procés d'aprenentatge del català

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan should not present much difficulty to anyone who speaks either of those languages, or any other Romance language for that matter.• In general, someone who can speak Spanish will also be able to understand Catalan within a short time.
UAB	-----
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan belongs to the family of Romance languages, and the common ground between these languages makes it easier for visiting students and non-Catalan-speaking students who can speak a Romance language to begin to understand those classes taught in Catalan.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• With knowledge of French or Italian and Spanish any visitor should find easy to understand the local language.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Learning Catalan is neither harder nor easier than learning any other language. People who want to learn a language can do so relatively easily. For people who speak one or more Romance languages, Catalan is very easy to understand. This is especially true for written and scientific language, which is what we use most at this university.• If I know Spanish or another Romance language, will that help? It helps a lot. Most foreign students who come to Catalan universities already speak Spanish. This knowledge of Spanish provides an excellent base for learning a little Catalan as the vocabulary and the grammar rules are quite similar.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is not a difficult language, and if you already know another Romance language, you should be able to learn it relatively quickly.
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The proximity between the Romance languages means that, in a relatively short time, students who already know one language can understand classes taught in Catalan.



6. Recursos per a l'aprenentatge del català i la integració de l'estudiantat estranger

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The International Relations Office tries to help students with their linguistic integration into the university community.• Two weeks before lectures begin, the Linguistic Service organises an elementary course in Catalan, as well as other orientation activities. Spanish and Catalan courses for exchange students are also organised during the academic year to complement their studies. Complete information about Spanish and Catalan language courses is available as well as other resources to improve these languages are available at the web site of the Linguistic Service.• The Official School of Languages offers Spanish and Catalan courses for foreigners. Students must pay for the registration fees of these courses.• The International Relations Office tries to help students with their linguistic integration into the university community.
UAB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UAB Idiomes provides broad, intensive courses in Catalan and Spanish both for beginners and the more advanced. The courses aim to provide students with the basic skills needed to understand the language and communicate from the very first class.• You must apply to the International Relations Office in order to receive the funding for such courses.• The UAB Languages Services provides training and consultancy in the Catalan language, and includes a Language Self-Learning Centre. There are also intensive Catalan language courses for beginners, which enable students to understand the language in the most frequent contexts in which it is used at university, and to begin to speak it.
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The UB offers a 40-hour introductory Catalan course to new exchange students. Those who would like to prepare before the semester begins can take the course intensively during the first two weeks of September, but the classes can also be taken during the semester. Once you have completed the introductory course, you can continue at a higher level if desired.• There is a range of courses and timetables to suit different needs and abilities. You can also use the self-access language learning centres to study in your own time.



	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The UB's Language Services also offer visiting and non-Catalan-speaking students a wide range of opportunities to learn Catalan, including free Catalan courses for beginners—including an information session describing features of the language—and the chance to sign up at the Services' Language Exchange Program and participate in different cultural events.• As well as offering Catalan language tuition, UB Language Services organizes a range of cultural activities designed to help you practise your language skills, meet new people and get to know more about Catalan culture and society: language exchanges, conversation groups, guided visits, etc. All the information you need can be found on the website!
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• With the objective of attending to the possible needs of students and professors coming from abroad the Universitat de Girona, through this Service, offers intensive and extensive courses in both Catalan for non-native speakers and Spanish for foreigners. These courses provide learners with the basic knowledge and the necessary resources to facilitate comprehension in coursework and communication in daily life activities from day one. Moreover, these courses give learners the possibility of taking the official exams organised at the University in order to obtain, where appropriate, the International Certificate of Catalan.• Introductory course to the Catalan Language and Culture.• The Universitat de Girona organizes an introductory course to facilitate the students' integration into the university community and the city of Girona. We organizes the course twice per year (on September and on January-February) two weeks before the beginning of regular courses at the Faculties. Furthermore you can obtain ECTS credits. We kindly ask you to make your best efforts to attend it.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• What Catalan and Spanish courses are available to me once I have moved to Catalonia? All exchange students who come to Catalan universities have the right to take a Catalan course free of charge. Spanish courses are also available. Take a look at the website of the UPC's Language and Terminology Service for more information about these Workshops on Catalan culture.• Find out about life in Catalonia—its culture, geography, history, cuisine and cinema—in an informal, friendly atmosphere.• 80 tips on the Catalan way of life : In just one hour, learn useful things about how life functions in Catalonia: greeting someone you have just met, punctuality,



	<p>eating out, getting around, family ties, body language...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Courses and other learning programmes such as <i>Hola</i>.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• We would recommend you take one of the Catalan courses offered by PEI. You can also use the Internet-based Catalan Self-learning System (SALC) and participate in the Language Voluntaryate.• They offer language courses in different languages.• You can find further information on Barcelona and Catalonia by visiting: http://www.bcn.es/ (Barcelona City Council) http://www.gencat.es/ (Generalitat de Catalunya, the Catalan Government)
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• When you get to the URV, the Language Service organizes a wide variety of free courses for exchange students.• The Language Service organizes free Catalan courses for exchange students.• The Language Service organizes Spanish courses at reduced prices for exchange students.



7. Les Universitats ofereixen la possibilitat de mirar a la descripció de cada curs i així la llengua en què s'impartirà?

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The language of the instruction is specified in the description of each course. Anyway, despite the teaching language, the students have the right to express themselves during the lessons, carry out their practises, do their essays and/or do the exams in one of the three official languages as long as they let it know to the professor at the beginning of the first lessons.
UAB	-----
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Before enrolling for a particular subject, students can consult the student guide provided by their faculty to find out the language in which classes will be taught. Although a single language will generally be specified, students are entitled to use either official language when asking questions, writing assignments or sitting examinations.
UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The Llei de Normalització Lingüística (<i>Language Standardisation Law</i>) establishes that Catalan is the normal language of instruction at all levels of education and in the administration. Consequently most of the documentation generated in the University and most classes are taught in Catalan, but this need not be a concern for those interested in being part of the community of UdG students, since all kinds of Catalan courses are organised and, as a last resort, the whole population understand and can express themselves in Spanish.
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">In degree courses, around 60 percent of classes are taught in Catalan and 40 percent are taught in Spanish. These figures vary for the different UPC schools. In postgraduate, master's and doctoral degrees, Spanish is more prevalent and English is becoming more widespread: 23 master's degrees are taught in English at present (2011–2012 academic year). The lecture material (notes, handouts, overheads, slides, dossiers) is generally available in either Catalan or Spanish, and increasingly so in English.
UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Before registering, you can check the language of instruction for a given subject at our web page (Exchange students or Visiting students; Course choices). Students can take their exams and complete their coursework in either Catalan or Spanish, irrespective of the language in which the subject is taught.
URV	-----



8. Què diuen les Universitats sobre la presència del català a Europa?

UdL	-----
UAB	-----
UB	-----
UdG	-----
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is taught at many universities all over the world. The Ramon Llull Institute is the organisation that coordinates the teaching of Catalan worldwide. On its website you'll find a detailed list of all of the universities where you can learn Catalan. You can also learn Catalan on the Internet. The Generalitat of Catalonia sponsors Intercat, a collection of electronic resources for learning Catalan.
UPF	-----
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan is one of the ten most spoken and written languages in the European Union.• Catalan is spoken in four European states: Spain, France, Italy and Andorra• The European Union is multilingual. Compared to the other languages of Europe, Catalan is average in terms of its extent. It is the ninth language of the European Union according to the population in its linguistic domain and fourteenth in terms of the absolute number of speakers. More people speak Catalan than Bulgarian, Finnish.



9. Altres llengües a la Universitat

UdL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan, Spanish and English are the three official working languages at the University of Lleida• The language of the instruction is specified in the description of each course. Anyway, despite the teaching language, the students have the right to express themselves during the lessons, carry out their practises, do their essays and/or do the exams in one of the three official languages as long as they let it know to the professor at the beginning of the first lessons.• The School of Agricultural and Forestry Engineering (ETSEA) offers some courses in English.• Language services of the UdL:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Catalan Courses• Spanish Courses for Foreigners• English Courses• Occitan Courses• Course Programmes in Catalan, Spanish and English
UAB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Training in English, German, French, Italian, Japanese and Spanish for foreigners. All the courses lead to a certificate corresponding to an official level within the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages.• We offer general company courses in English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Catalan and any other languages you request.• The UAB undergraduate degree in Business Management and Administration can be coursed fully in English. Apart from these studies, many subjects from other university degrees are offered directly in English.• English has become the lingua franca of the international academic community and is essential for attracting and retaining talent, achieving the University's objectives of internationalisation and excellence. As a result of its status as the lingua franca, it is increasingly used as a working language in the University's activities and is an active key to the academic development of our students. This means that is it necessary to formalise the status of English as the lingua franca while differentiating English from the other non-official languages, in accordance with the delivery of classes in English in undergraduate and



	<p>postgraduate courses as established in the Master Plan (AE 28).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• There are other languages such as French, German and Italian, among others, that are also strategic as reference languages in certain fields of knowledge and certain professional environments. Some professions therefore need to ensure plurilingual competence.• In the University's internationalisation strategy, French plays an important role for geostrategic reasons, proximity and tradition. Chinese and Korean are also important now for communication and promotion of the University given the strategic decision to engage with China and Korea.
UB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Programmes fully or partially taught in English (at least 50 % of contents): Advanced and Professional Mathematics, Analytical Philosophy, Applied Linguistics and Language Acquisition in Multilingual Contexts, Artificial Intelligence, Astrophysics, Particle Physics and Cosmology, Bioinformatics for Health Sciences, Biomedical Engineering, Biomedicine, Biophysics, Cognitive Science and Language, Computational and Applied Physics, Developmental Biology and Genetics, Economics, Erasmus Mundus on Work, Organizational, and Personnel Psychology, European Joint Quality in Analytical Laboratories, Immunology, Molecular Biotechnology, Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Photonics, Pure and Applied Logic, Research in Liver Diseases.• The UB School of Modern Languages (EIM) offers students the chance to study up to 15 different languages from beginner to advanced level at any UB campus and at any time of the year, with a selection of different timetables available. Around 4,500 students sign up every year on either ordinary, specific or examination preparation courses offered by the EIM.



UdG	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Universitat de Girona resides in a growing multilingual context. Within such a framework language learning is an obvious necessity and the University Modern Languages Service aims to provide the entire university community with the necessary linguistic training in several languages: English, French, German, Catalan and Spanish.• CURSOS :<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Anglès B2.1 per a estudiants de grau➤ Anglès (oferta general)➤ Anglès per a l'economia➤ Francès➤ Alemany➤ Català➤ Espanyol
UPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• As a result of the rise in international mobility at all levels, English is being increasingly used at the UPC, which means that many lecturers, students and administrative staff use it on a day-to-day basis. The e-Office is available in English and it allows students to register, submit applications and obtain official documents in English. English can also be seen on campus signposts and administrative documents. Furthermore, the UPC aims to enhance the knowledge of English and other languages by setting up courses and offering a wide range of learning resources.• In degree courses, around 60 percent of classes are taught in Catalan and 40 percent are taught in Spanish. These figures vary for the different UPC schools. In postgraduate, master's and doctoral degrees, Spanish is more prevalent and English is becoming more widespread: 23 master's degrees are taught in English at present (2011–2012 academic year). The lecture material (notes, handouts, overheads, slides, dossiers) is generally available in either Catalan or Spanish, and increasingly so in English.• Some lecturers may use other languages in class, particularly English..



UPF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Academic activities at UPF are or may be conducted in Catalan, Spanish or English. Indeed, this does not exclude the use of other languages, such as German, French or Italian, for specific studies or for certain academic activities of the University.• Students have the right to take part and to write their exams and other coursework in Catalan, Spanish or English,• The Language Training Programme (PEI) offers:<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Free institutional courses of Catalan and the chance to improve your knowledge of the Catalan language online.➤ An introductory course of Spanish for foreigners as part of the free courses offered by the institution.➤ Courses at various levels of German, English, Arabic, French, Japanese and Italian.➤ Preparation for a series of official certificates in all languages offered.➤ The opportunity to obtain credit recognition with the language courses, in accordance with current legislation.
URV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Even if a class is taught in Catalan, students are not required to use the language actively so they can intervene, take notes, write essays, do exams etc. in Catalan or Spanish, as they wish. And, on occasion, they may even be able to use English.• At the Language Service you can learn or perfect your English, German, French, Italian and Spanish in courses of various lengths (during the academic year or intensively during the summer). You can also learn or perfect your Catalan, be awarded an official certificate, and improve your oral and written communication abilities on a variety of attractive specific courses.



FONTS CONSULTADES: (16/01/12)

UDL:

- http://www.udl.es/serveis/ori/estudiantat_estranger/eng/infoeng/teaching.html
- <http://www.udl.es/serveis/sl/en/information.html>

UAB:

- <http://www.uab.es/servlet/Satellite/international-mobility-and-exchange/catalan-as-a-foreign-language-1096480636179.html>
- Pla de Llengües de la UAB (2011) <http://www.uab.es/servlet/Satellite/uab-plan-for-languages-1233127612858.html>
- <http://www.uab.es/servlet/Satellite/studying/language-courses-1101231879288.html>
- <http://www.uab.cat/servlet/Satellite/business-services/general-courses-1215496273163.html>

UB:

- <http://www.ub.edu/sl/en/acollida/>
- <http://www.ub.edu/sl/en/socio/infcats.htm>
- <http://www.ub.edu/sl/en/fl/formling.htm>
- http://www.ub.edu/web/ub/ca/universitat/serveis/idiomes_a_la_ub/idiomes.html

UPF:

- <http://www.upf.edu/estudiants/en/living/discovering.html>
- http://www.upf.edu/llengues/_pdf/angles.pdf
- <http://www.upf.edu/pei/>

UPC:

- <http://www.upc.edu/slt/acollida/languages-at-the-upc>
- <http://www.upc.edu/slt/learn-catalan/courses>
- <http://www.upc.edu/slt/learn-english>
- <http://www.upc.edu/sri/students/international-students/what-you-can-study/where-you-can-study/language-status/>
- Pla de Llengües de la UPC (2010) <http://www.upc.edu/slt/pla-llengues-upc>

UDG:

- <http://www.udg.edu/Internationalstudents/ServicesActivities/Therregionandthecity/tabid/15189/language/ca-ES/Default.aspx>
- <http://www.udg.edu/Internationalstudents/Introductorycourseoncatalanlanguageandcultur/tabid/15136/language/ca-ES/Default.aspx>
- <http://www.udg.edu/Internationalstudents/ServicesActivities/ServicesoftheUniveritatdeGirona/tabid/15147/language/ca-ES/Default.aspx>
- <http://www.udg.edu/tabid/7037/Default.aspx>
- <http://www.udg.edu/slm/Formaci%C3%B3ling%C3%BC%C3%ADstica/Cursos/Cursoshorarisiprovesdenivell/tabid/14819/language/ca-ES/Default.aspx>

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OPUC

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Llicència d'ús:



URV:

- http://www.urv.cat/international/vivir-urv/en_lenguas-urv.html
- http://www.urv.cat/international/vivir-urv/en_cursos-idiomas-urv.html
- http://www.urv.cat/a_mes_estudiar/aprendre_idiomes/en_index.html
- http://www.plataforma-llengua.cat/media/assets/1162/guia_universitats.pdf